HowTo - steadyPRINT - Software distribution by steadyPRINT using Active Directory (AD) - English

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Change log

2011/07/12: arl - Creating the documentation

2013/24/01: arl - Adjusting the documentation (Point 5 added)

2014/24/01: arl - Adjusting the documentation (Screenshots for windows 8 OS and

extension of free eligible database name)

2014/27/03: arl - Adjusting the documentation (Extension of AD installation guide)

2014/09/09: chd - Adjusting the documentation (version 5.1.0)

2015/04/03: chd - New step for component selection on installation

2015/15/10: chd - Adjusting the documentation (version 6.0.0)

2017/22/06: chd - Adjusting the documentation (version 7.0.0)

2019/08/06: chd - Adjusting the documentation (version 8.0.0)

2019/15/10: nis - Adjusting the documentation regarding component selection, removed

Service as a standalone component

2020/25/11: chd - Adjusting the documentation (Update .NET Framework version)

2021/03/12: chd - Adjusting the documentation (version 8.8.0)

2022/15/12: chd - Adjusting the documentation (version 9.0.0)

2023/03/03: chd - Adjusting the documentation (version 9.0.1)

2024/02/04: chd - Adjusting the documentation (version 10.0.0)

Requirements and Preperations

Requirements

The following hardware requirements must be met by the systems (clients) in order to distribute software in the network with steadyPRINT in version 10.0.0 or above:

- .NET Framework version 4.8 must be installed as a minimum,
- ASP.NET Core Runtime 7.0 Hosting Bundle (WebCenter, SecurePrint, API only),
- Client operation system: Windows 10 must be installed as mininum,
- Terminal server operation system: Windows Server 2016 must be installed as mininum.

Preparation

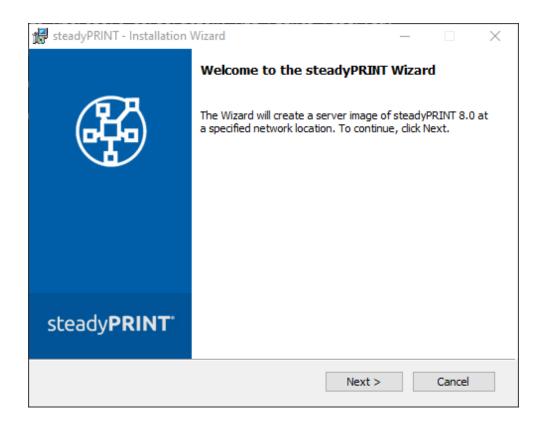
Create a share such as \\SERVER_NAME\Software Installation\steadyPRINT 6.0.0 in your network and make it available for all clients. You should also add the "Authenticated Users" account to the share with read access.

Creating an administrative MSI package for software distribution in the network

- 1. Log on to your workstation as administrator.
- 2. Change to your command line interface and go to the location where your unzipped MSI installation package has been saved (see screenshot sequence 1).

C:∖>msiexec /a steadyPRINT.msi

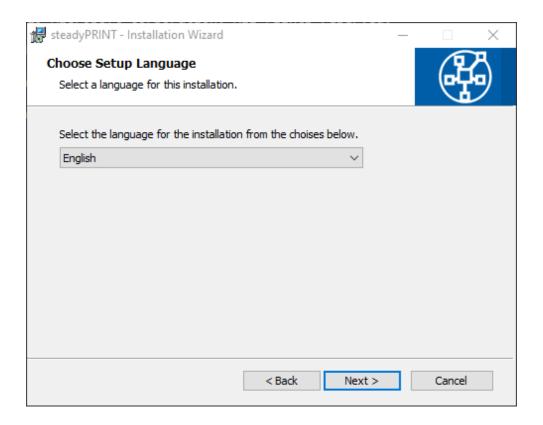
3. Now enter the following MS-DOS command line entry (see screenshot): "msiexec /a steadyPRINT.msi"



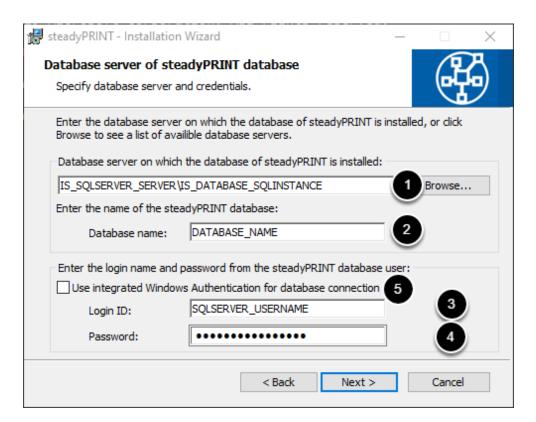
4. Continue ...



5. Agree to the license agreement and click on Next \dots



6. Select a language and click on Continue ...



7. Enter your SQL database server with the SQL database instance, the database name as well as the steadyPRINT database user and the corresponding password for logon. Then click Continue ...

Please note

In case you do not create the MSI package using the GUI interface but via the MS-DOS command line instead, the following properties are of importance:

Property "IS_SQLSERVER_SERVER" (see screenshot - sequence 1)

This property includes the database server, for example IS_SQLSERVER_SERVER="database server\sqlinstance".

Property "IS_SQLSERVER_DATABASE" (see sreenshot - sequence 2)

This property includes the database name, for example IS_SQLSERVER_DATABASE="database name".

Property "IS SQLSERVER USERNAME" (see screenshot - sequence 3)

This property contains the database user of the SQL instance, for example IS_SQLSERVER_USERNAME="database user".

Property "IS_SQLSERVER_PASSWORD" (see screenshot - sequence 4)

This property includes the database password, for example IS_SQLSERVER_PASSWORD="database password".

Property "USE_INTEGRATED_AUTH" (see screenshot - sequence 4)

This property determines whether the SQL server authentication takes places in accordance with the integrated Windows authentication or not. By default, this property is disabled. If you want to use the Windows authentication, the field for database user and password remains blank. For authentication, please use the service user that is to be specified in the next step. Make sure that this user is allowed to access the database and has all the required authorizations.

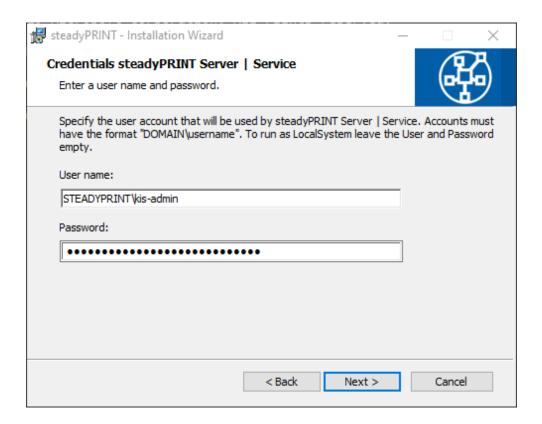
When creating an administrative MSI package via the MS-DOS command line, the application of the properties could be as follows:

Example with SQL Server Authentication

msiexec /a "\\Share-Name\" /qb IS_SQLSERVER_SERVER="sqlserver\sqlinstance"
IS_SQLSERVER_DATABASE="printerMap" IS_SQLSERVER_USERNAME="pm"
IS_SQLSERVER_PASSWORD="printerMapping1!"
AdminProperties="IS_SQLSERVER_SERVER;IS_SQLSERVER_DATABASE;IS_SQLSERVER_USERNAME;IS_SQLSERVER
TARGETDIR="\\Share\Software Installation\steadyPRINT 6.0.0"

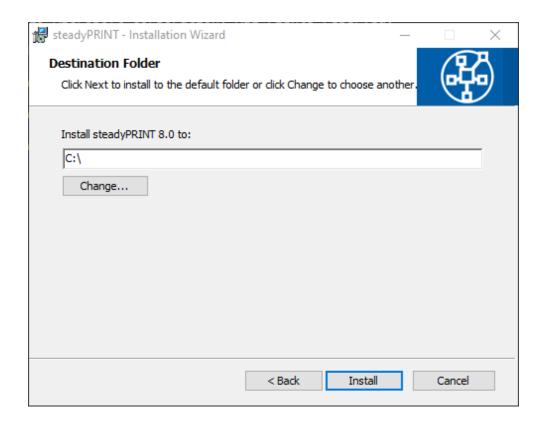
Example with Integrated Windows Authentifizierung

msiexec /a "steadyprint.msi" /qb IS_SQLSERVER_SERVER="sqlserver\sqlinstanz" IS_SQLSERVER_DATABASE="printerMap" USE_INTEGRATED_AUTH="1" IS NET API LOGON USERNAME="steadyprint.com\spuser"



8. As an option, please enter the service account or password for the steadyPRINT Service to run. The local system account "localsystem" is predefined by default.

Note: When indicating the service account, please make sure that the specified user has been added to the local safety directive "Log on as a Service".



9. Enter here the location of your share (directory of the server in the network) where the newly generated MSI package with administrative rights should be saved.

For example: "C:\Share\Software Installation\steadyPRINT 6.0.0". To confirm your entries, click on Install and conclude the Wizard process.

Installation of the package in the network using AD

Example

- Create an OU called "Software installation",
- create an AD group called "steadyPRINT 6.0.0",
- add computers to the AD group,
- create a new policy (group policy "steadyPRINT 6.0.0"),
- delete the default settings and add the AD group,
- edit the policy -> Software settings -> create a package under software installation -> select the package from the share -> check "uninstall the application if it lies beyond the administrative domain"

Uninstalling the MSI package in the network

Example

Remove the targeted computers from the AD group to have steadyPRINT uninstalled.

Installing administrative MSI package for software distribution in the network from the Windows Shell (without group policies)

C:_temp}msiexec.exe /package \\net02\netlogon\Tools\steadyprintagent\steadyPRIN T.msi /guiet

Example

msiexec.exe /package \\net02\Netlogon\Tools\steadyPRINTagent\steadyPRINT.msi /quiet

Installing administrative MSI package for software distribution in the network from the Windows Shell (without group policies) for ALL users

C:\>msiexec /package \\net02\Netlogon\Tools\steadyPRINTagent\steadyPRINT.msi /qu iet ALLUSERS=1_

Example

msiexec /package \\net02\Netlogon\Tools\steadyPRINTagent\steadyPRINT.msi /quiet ALLUSERS=1

Installation of certain components by parameter transfer

C:\>msiexec /i steadyPRINT.msi /quiet ADDLOCAL=Center,Server

By transferring parameters when calling up the MSI package you can determine the components to be installed or pre-selected.

The following example shows the installation of the steadyPRINT Center and steadyPRINT Server as a Silent Installation.

Example

msiexec /i steadyPRINT.msi /quiet ADDLOCAL=Center,Server

<u>List of all components:</u>

Center = steadyPRINT Center and steadyPRINT Service

Client = steadyPRINT Agent (Client) and steadyPRINT Service (Service for Agent)

OfficeOutlookAddIn = steadyPRINT Add-In for Microsoft Office Outlook

SecurePrint = steadyPRINT SecurePrint, steadyPRINT AD Service and steadyPRINT API

Server = steadyPRINT Server and steadyPRINT Printer Synchronization

VPD = steadyPRINT VPD (print dialog)

WebCenter = steadyPRINT WebCenter, steadyPRINT AD Service and steadyPRINT API

Note: Please pay attention to the correct spelling of the components. The installation routine is among others - case-sensitive.